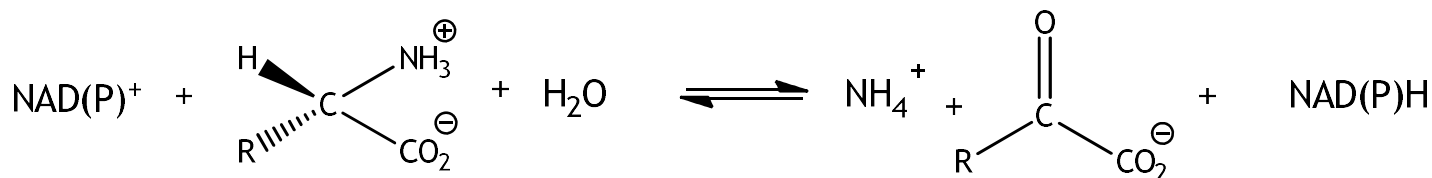


## Applications

Catalyse the oxidative deamination of amino acids to their corresponding keto acids and ammonia with the concomitant reduction of NAD<sup>+</sup> or NADP<sup>+</sup> cofactor.



## Kit description

The kit contains a selection of pre-formulated amino acid dehydrogenase (AADH) biocatalysts as lyophilised powders, as well as pre-prepared NH<sub>4</sub>OH/NH<sub>4</sub>Cl buffer and components for the cofactor recycle system.

### AADHs in kit

001	006	011	016	021
002	007	012	017	022
003	008	013	018	023
004	009	014	019	024
005	010	015	020	025

### Contents

A- AADHs	25 enzymes (50 mg each)
B- NADP	1 vial (200 mg)
C- NAD	1 vial (200 mg)
D- GDH	1 vial (600 mg)
E- Glucose	1 vial (6 g)
F- LDH	1 vial (600 mg)
G- Pyruvate	1 vial (200 mg)
DMSO	1 vial (5 mL)
0.1M Tris buffer (pH 7.5)	1 bottle (250 mL)
2M NH <sub>4</sub> OH/NH <sub>4</sub> Cl buffer	1 bottle (250 mL)

### Stock solutions

20 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent A)
10 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent B)
10 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent C)
20 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent D)
30 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent E)
20 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent F)
10 mg/mL in buffer (Reagent G)

Make up the stock solutions before screening in sufficient quantities for a single screen\*. For keto acid production use Tris buffer and for amino acid production use NH<sub>4</sub>OH/NH<sub>4</sub>Cl buffer.

## Screening Procedure for keto acid production

1. In a vial, add 500 μL reagent A, 100 μL each of reagent B,C ,F and G.
2. Add a solution of ~10 mg substrate in organic solvent (50-100 μL, depending on solubility), e.g. DMSO or MTBE.
3. Shake/stir at room temperature (or ideally 30 °C). Agitate overnight.
4. Extract product with an organic solvent (MTBE, EtOAc, etc.).
5. Analyse the sample by chiral GC/HPLC to determine conversion and product optical purity.

## Screening Procedure for amino acid production

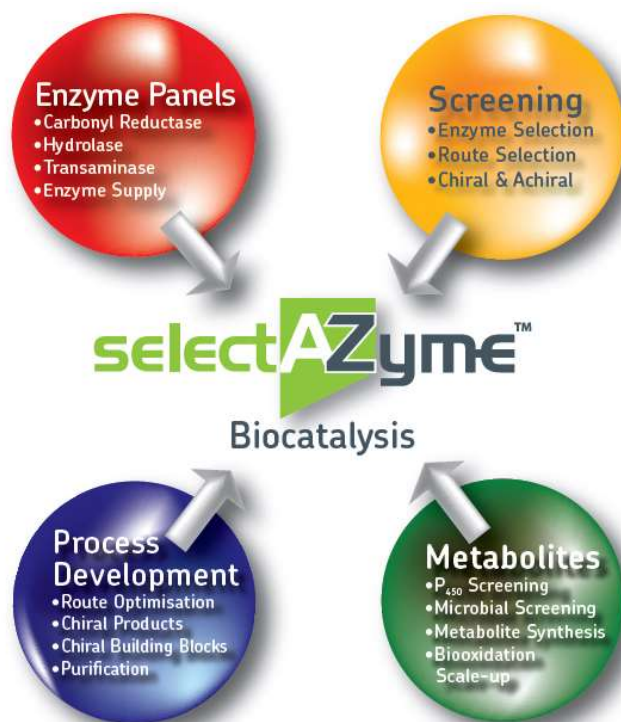
1. In a vial, add 500 μL reagent A, 100 μL each of reagent B,-E.
2. Add a solution of ~10 mg substrate in organic solvent (50-100 μL, depending on solubility), e.g. DMSO or MTBE.
3. Shake/stir at room temperature (or ideally 30 °C). Agitate overnight.
4. Extract product with an organic solvent (MTBE, EtOAc, etc.).
5. Analyse the sample by chiral GC/HPLC to determine conversion and product optical purity.

\*It is recommended to make the reaction solutions fresh and use immediately. Avoid storage of the reaction mix as a solution, as this will degrade over time. An adequate supply of components and buffer is provided for screening. Additional components or buffers can be purchased from Almac if required.

**Storage:** Recommend refrigeration at 4°C to preserve enzyme activity.

## selectAZyme Offerings

- An ever-expanding biocatalysis team including molecular and microbiologists, enzymologists, bioinformaticians, organic chemists and analysts, all equipped with state-of-the art facilities.
- Expertise in gene identification, expression, fermentation and enzyme production, followed by the efficient use of enzymes to produce complex chiral APIs.
- Enzyme evolution based on computational re-design, semi-rational and random mutagenesis approaches, allowing access to bespoke biocatalysts with enhanced activity, selectivity and process robustness.
- Fully integrated biocatalyst development through screening, (chemo-) enzymatic route definition, process development and scale up (pilot plant facilities available).
- Rapid implementation of enzymatic steps in complex, multi-stage syntheses, leading to significant improvements in production yields and timelines.
- A simple business model that avoids IP issues.



## The selectAZyme Range of Enzyme Screening Kits

Our selectAZyme kits include a detailed user guide and come with all buffers, cofactors, recycling systems and reagents necessary to perform screens using standard laboratory equipment.

### Carbonyl Reductase (CRED) biocatalysts

96 CRED biocatalysts for the production of chiral alcohols and/or use in cofactor recycling schemes

### Aldehyde Reductase (ARED) biocatalysts

16 ARED biocatalysts

### Hydrolase biocatalysts

48 commercially available hydrolases for selective acylation of alcohols and amines.

### Nitrilase and Nitrile Hydratase (NHase) biocatalysts

9 NHases and 15 nitrilases

### Transaminase (TAm) biocatalysts

96 TAm for the production of chiral amines from pro-chiral ketones.

### Ene Reductase (ERED) biocatalysts

143 ERED biocatalysts for asymmetric reduction of activated alkenes

### P450 Monooxygenase biocatalysts

96 P450 monooxygenase biocatalysts for a huge range of highly selective oxidations

## Want Almac to do the screening for you?

- Our experienced biocatalysis team can screen all of our enzymes against your target substrate(s) and simply provide the results.
- Flexible options for subsequent enzyme supply, evolution services, process development and scale up as required.

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