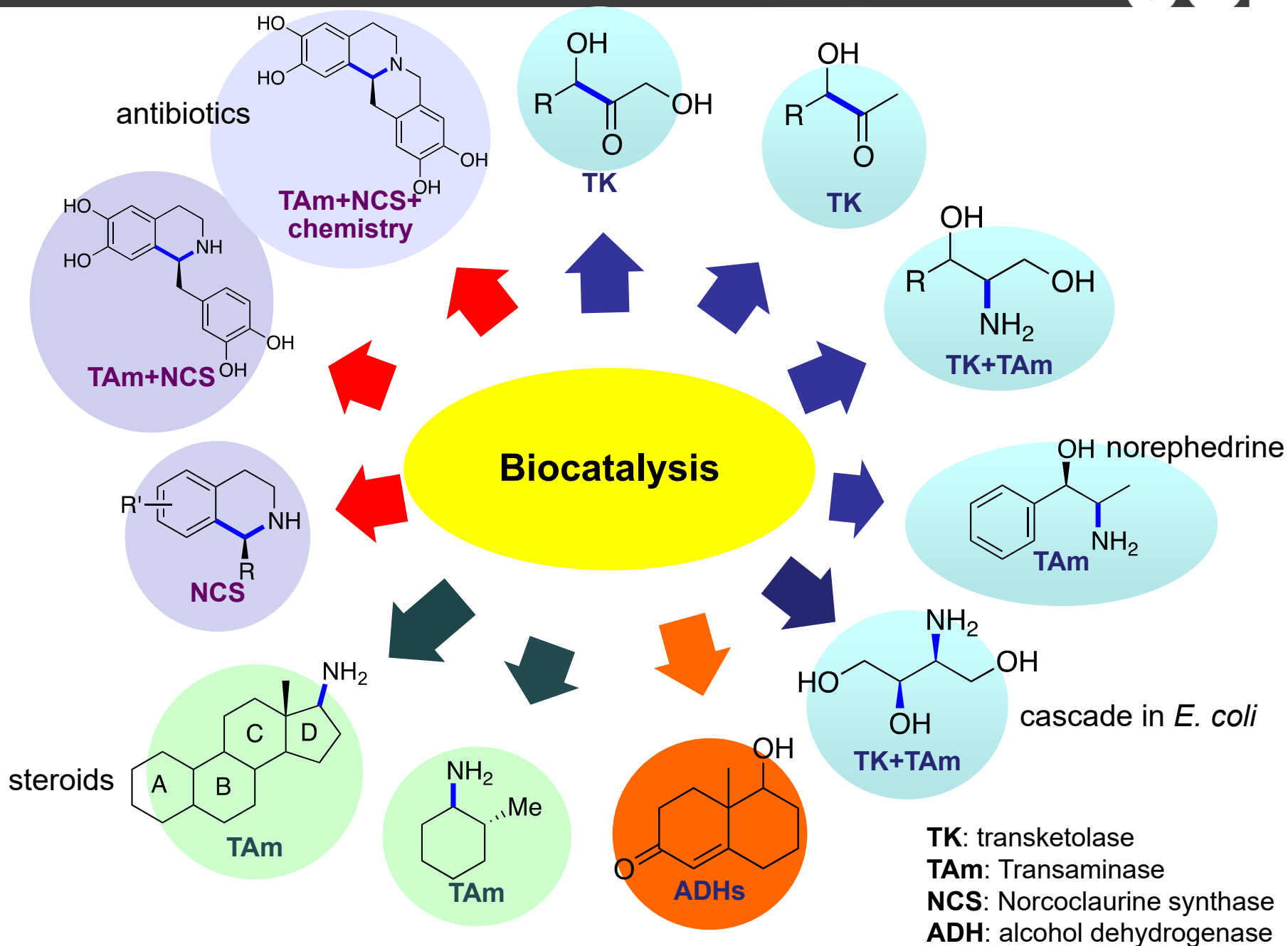


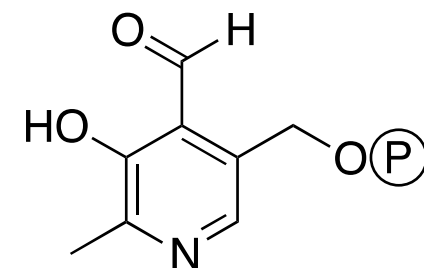
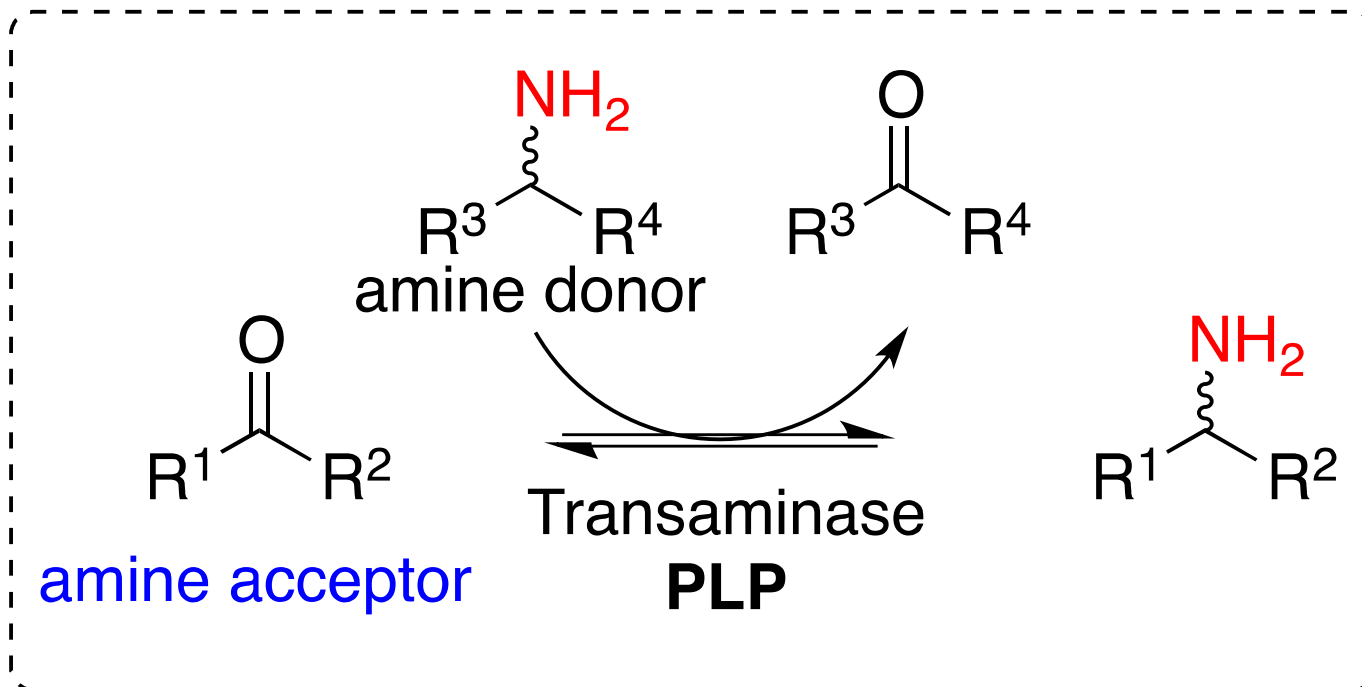
Robust Biocatalyst Discovery and Applications

Nordic-Irish Process Chemistry Forum 2023

Helen C. Hailes

Department of Chemistry, University College London

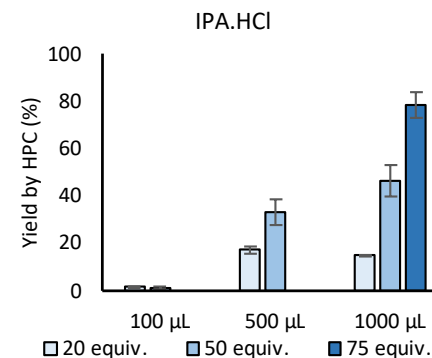
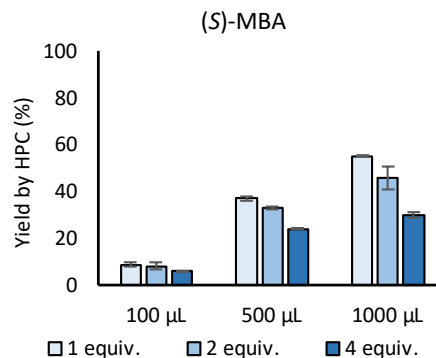
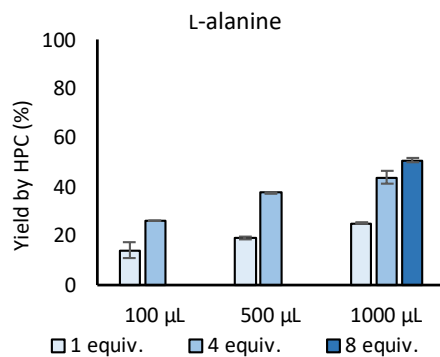
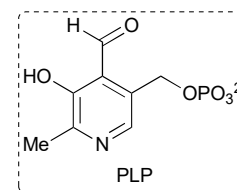
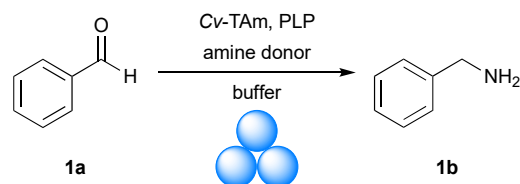
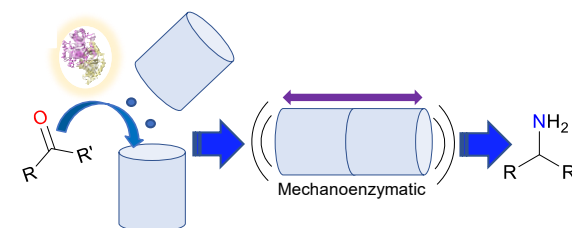


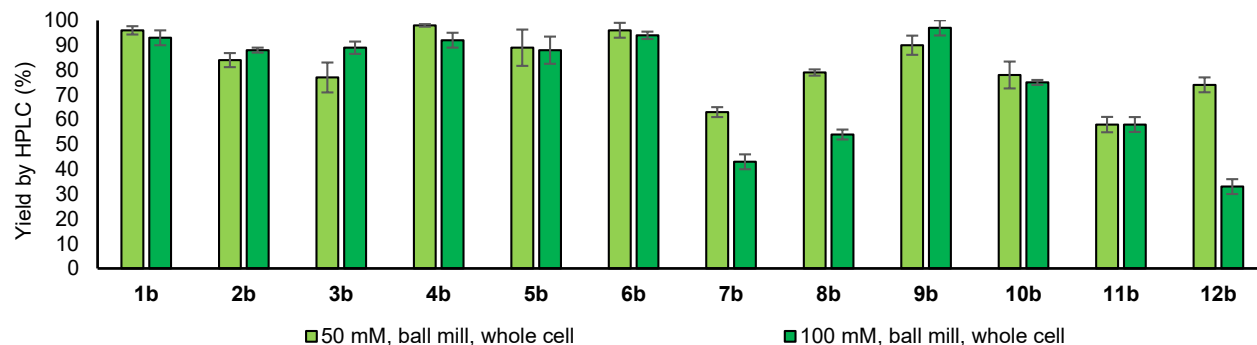
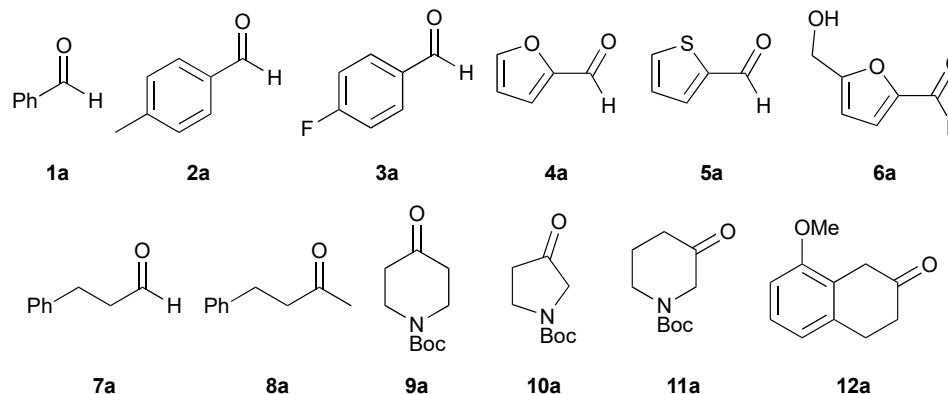
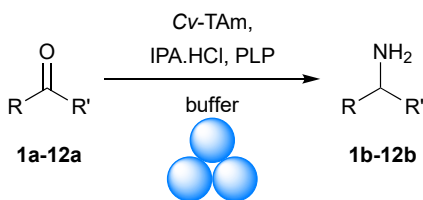


PLP =
Pyridoxal-5-
phosphate

- Co-factor **PLP** and amine donor required e.g. *S*- α -methylbenzylamine (MBA), isopropylamine, or alanine.
- Using them in single enzyme transformations and enzyme cascades.

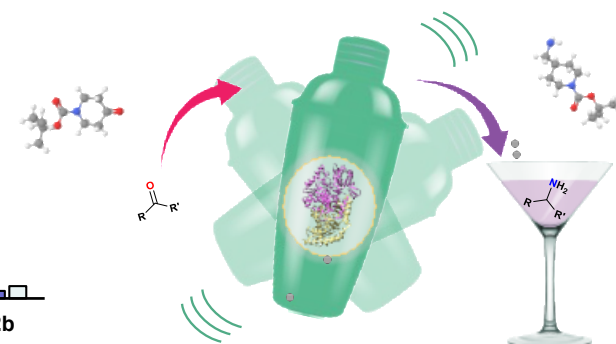
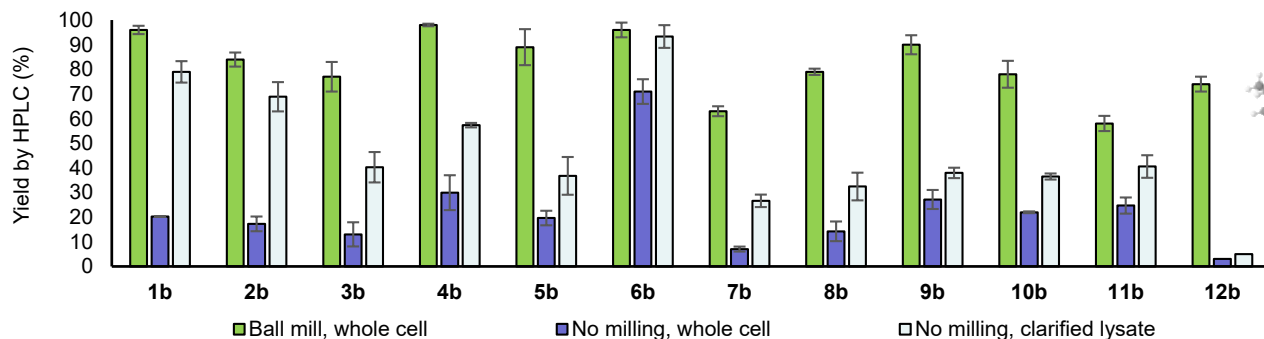
- Mechanochemical reactions have emerged as a green synthetic method as reactions can be performed more rapidly and using less solvent
- To date very few mechanoenzymatic reactions have been described – hydrolytic reactions
- These have been explored for the first time with TAMs
- Reaction parameters to explore include: frequency of milling, milling time and aging period
- Also, what form the biocatalyst is in.....



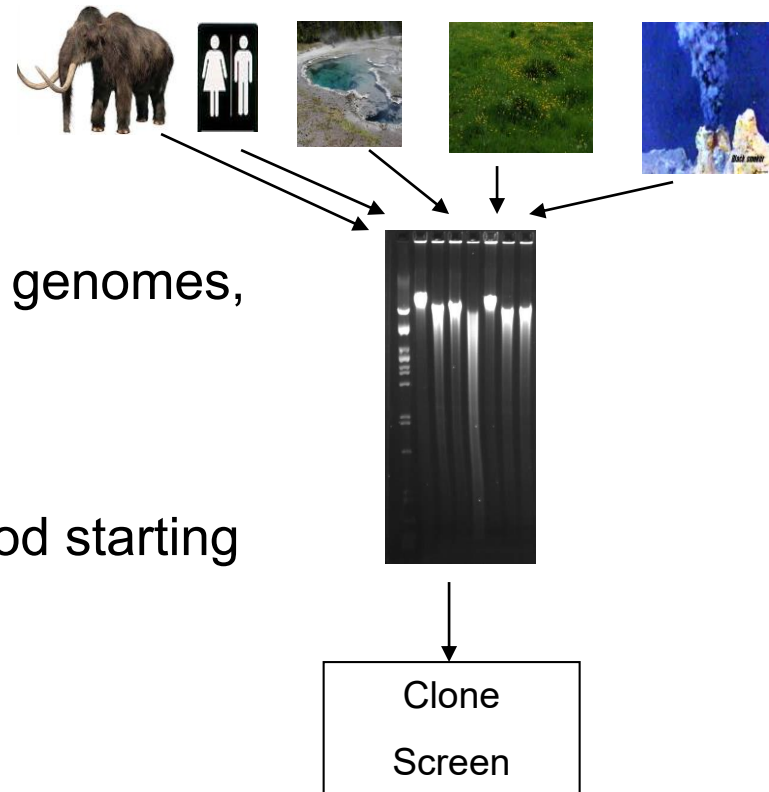
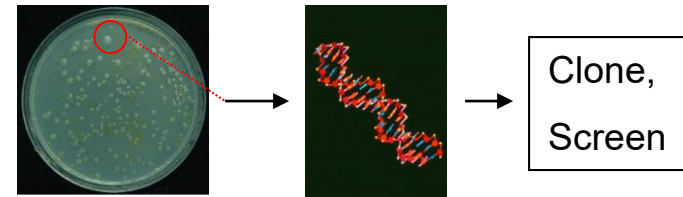


- Extended to other analogues

- **Shaken, not stirred** worth exploring more widely



- Enrich or select wild type bacteria
- Synthetic genes: plants, fungi, extremophiles
- Metagenomics (culture independent)
- Genome mining – Bioinformatics: bacterial genomes, archaeal genomes, eukaryotic genomes.
- Enzyme mutagenesis – but you need a good starting point

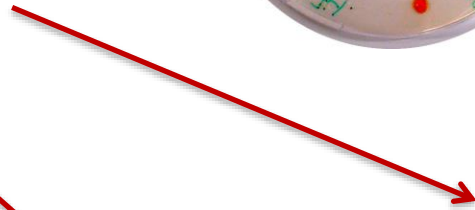


Why use metagenomics?

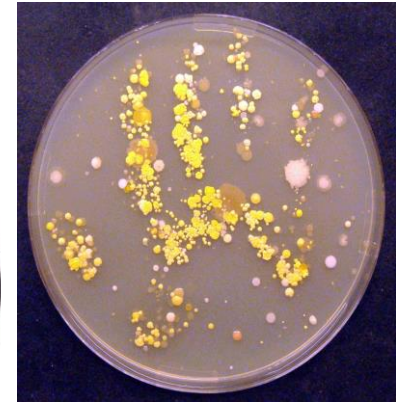
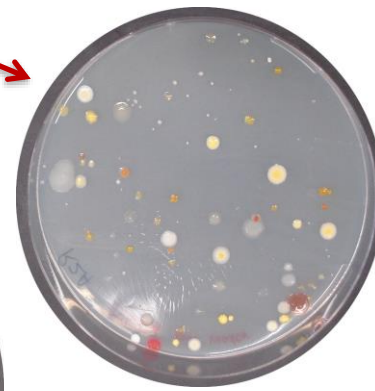


Isolate DNA directly from soil.

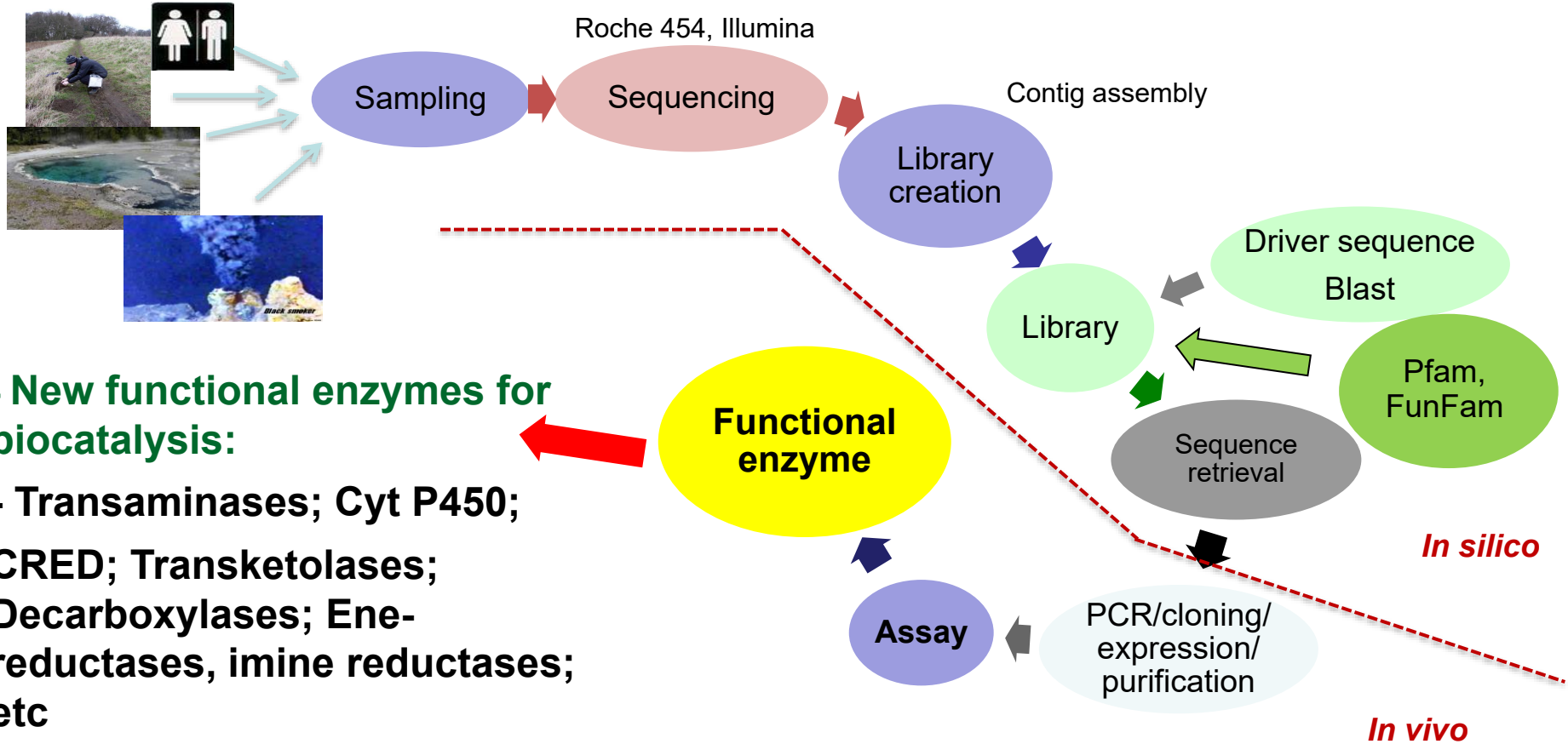
All organisms are represented.



Direct isolation from soil only 0.1–1%



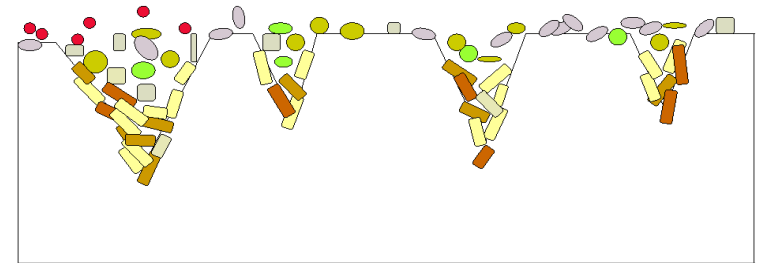
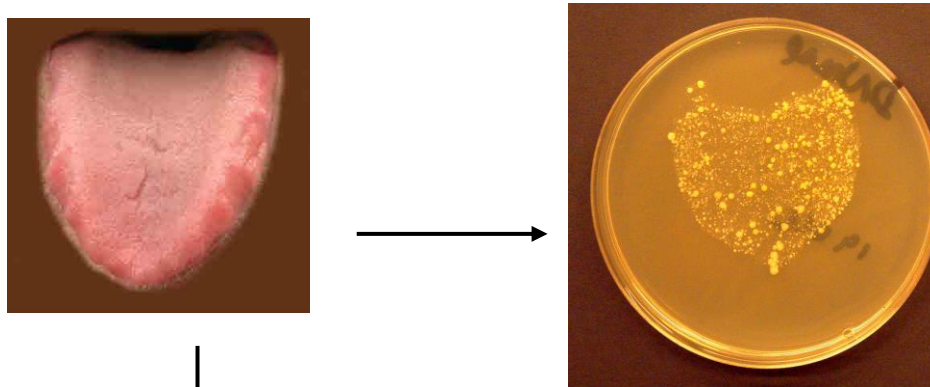
- Isolation of genes from organisms in an environment



- New functional enzymes for biocatalysis:

- Transaminases; Cyt P450; CRED; Transketolases; Decarboxylases; Ene-reductases, imine reductases; etc

- Once created for a metagenomic sample, the database can be searched for other enzymes



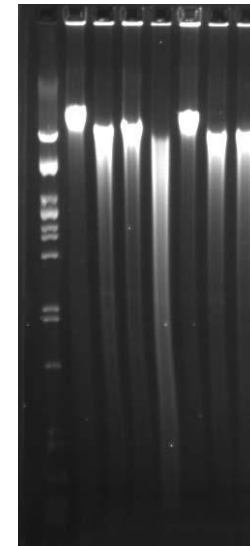
Tongue contains >100 bacterial species but over 50% of these are unculturable

Total DNA extraction from tongue scrapes:
9 individuals

Remove human DNA

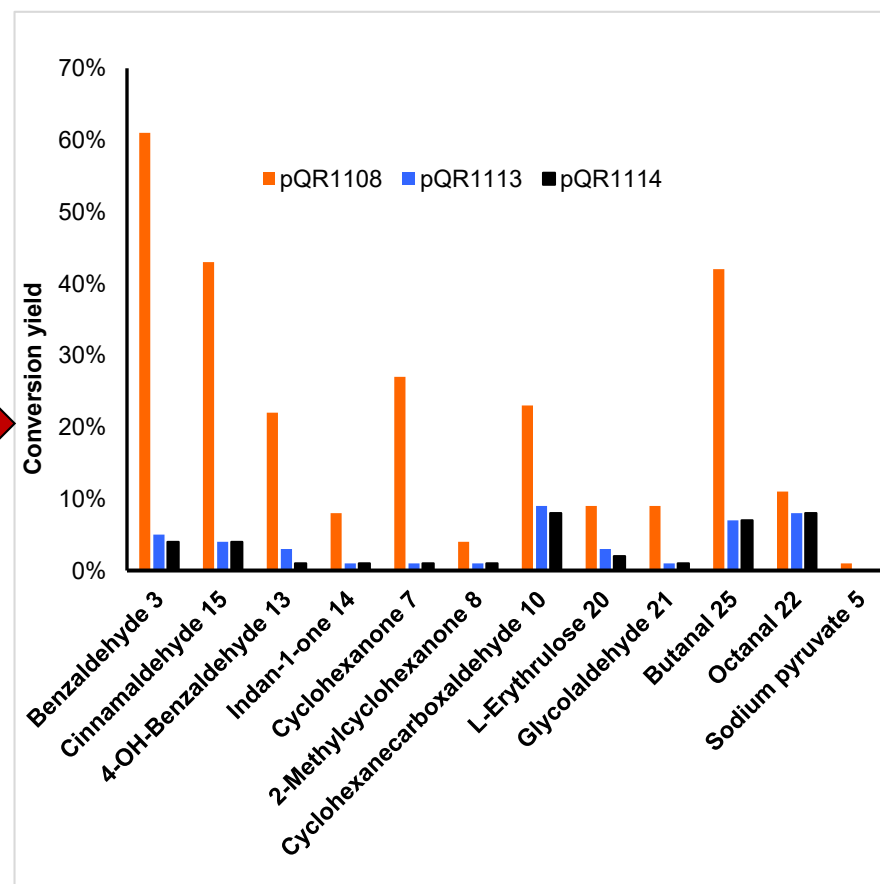
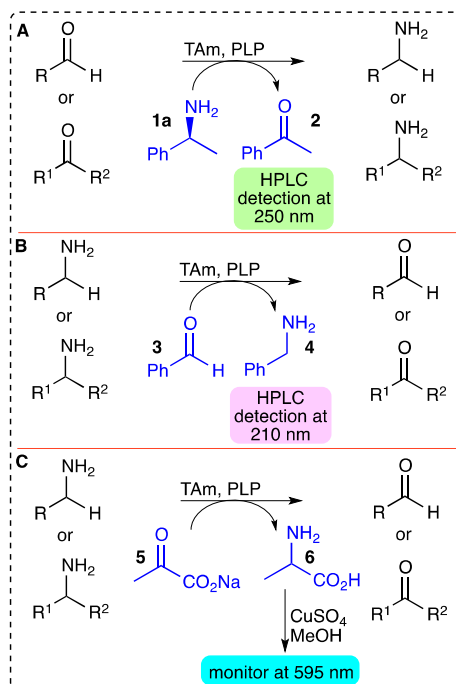
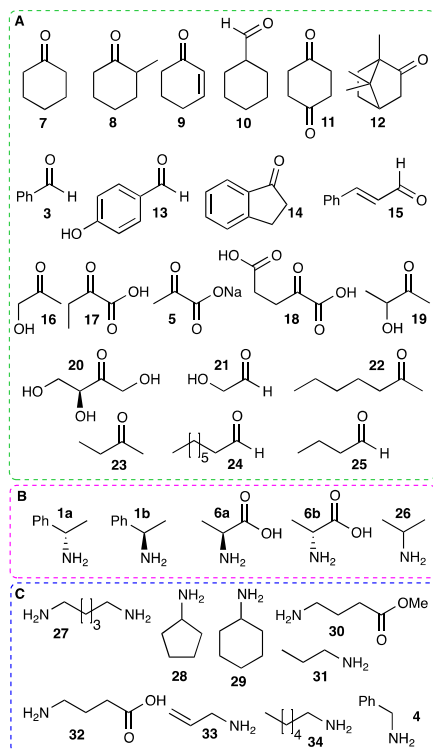
Extract bacterial DNA

Sequence and clone genes



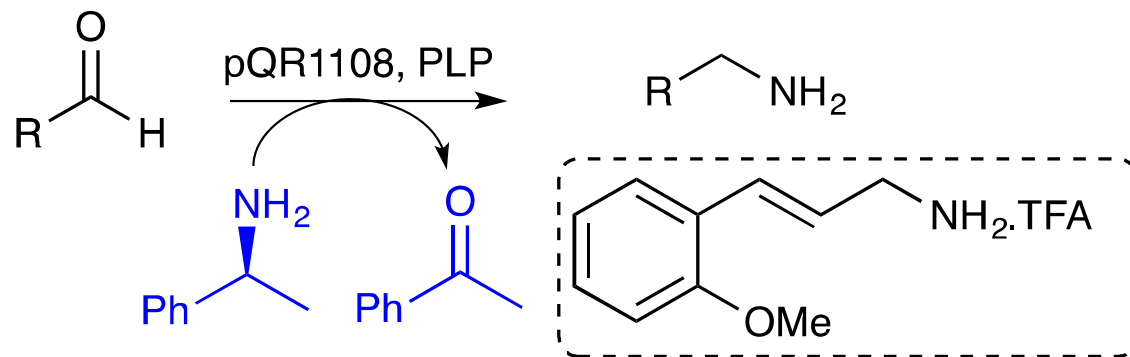
TAMs from tongue metagenome

- Roche sequencing – 15 putative class III transaminases, 11 successfully retrieved and cloned.
- A range of different substrates and amine donors screened which highlighted 3 for further study.



Aldehyde	Yield
	75%
	39%
	48%
	49%
	58% 84% scale-up
	57%
	54%
	35%
	49%
	45%
	37%

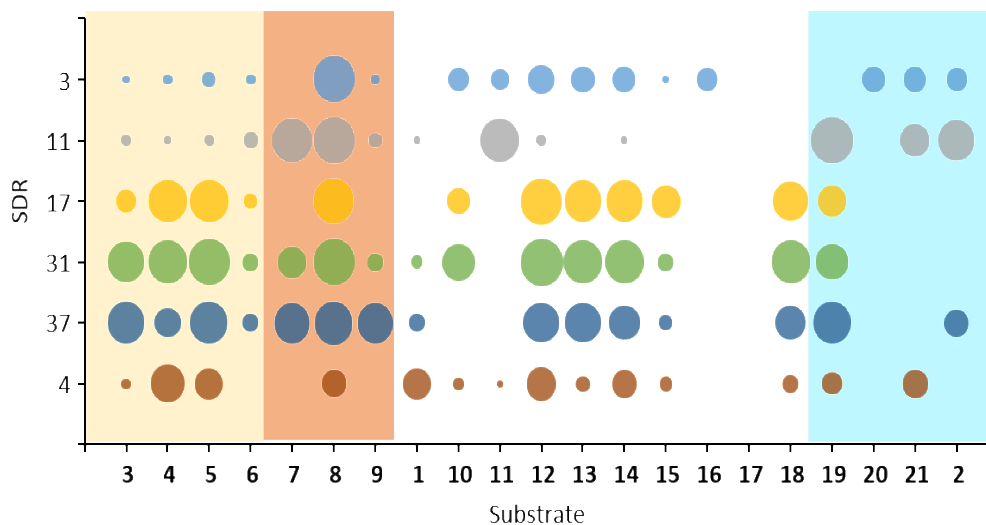
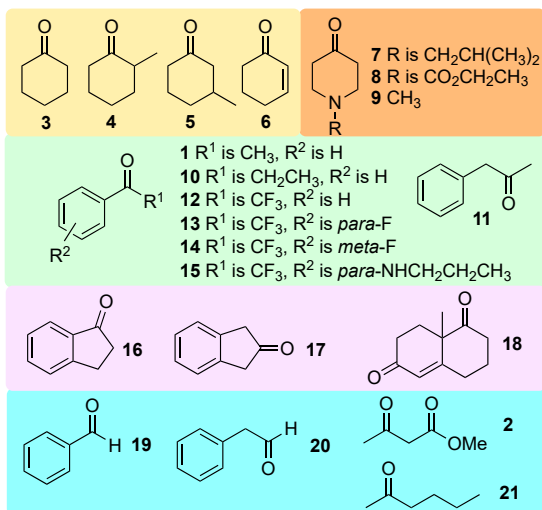
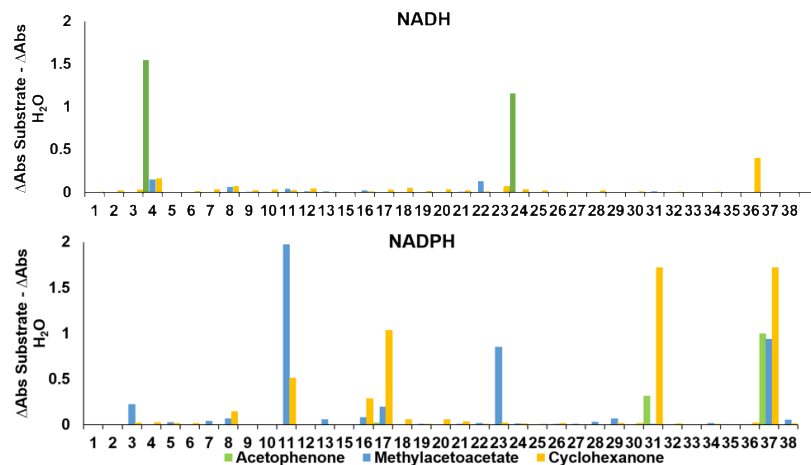
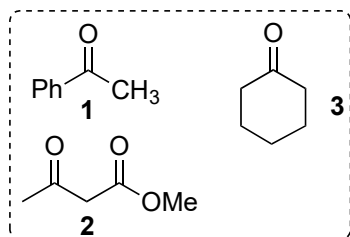
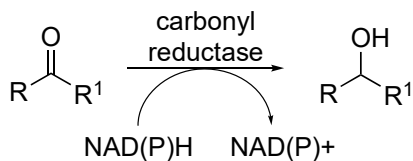
- pQR1108 was particularly active towards conjugated aldehydes



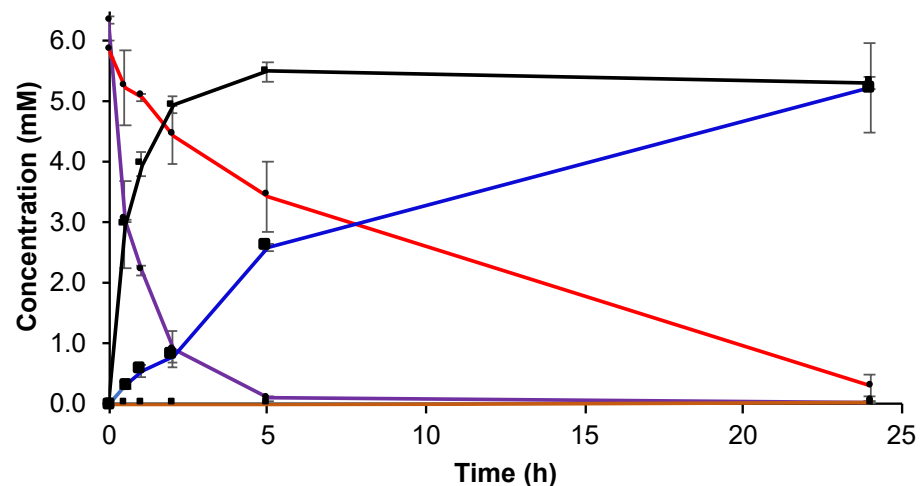
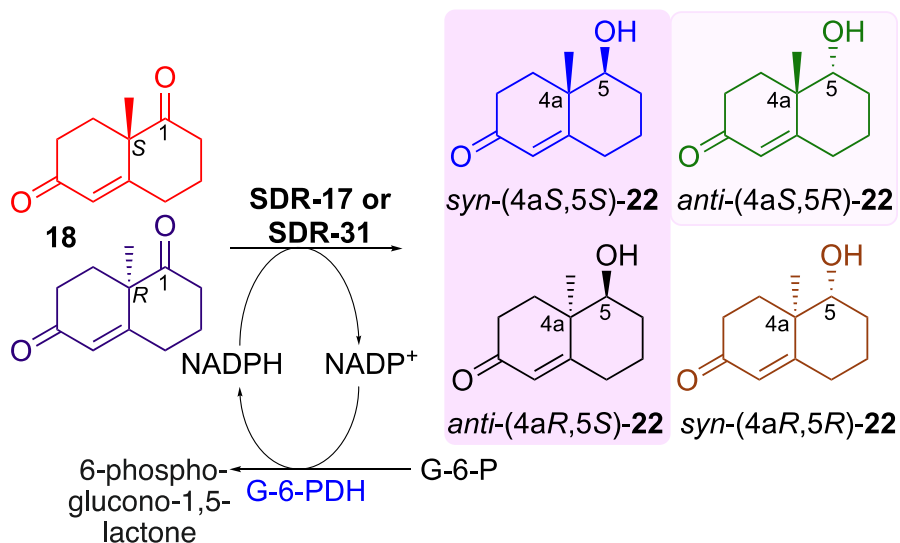
D. Baud, J. W. E. Jeffries, T. S. Moody, J. M. Ward, H. C. Hailes, *Green Chem.*, **2017**, *19*, 1134

Tongue metagenome: Carbonyl reductases (SDRs)

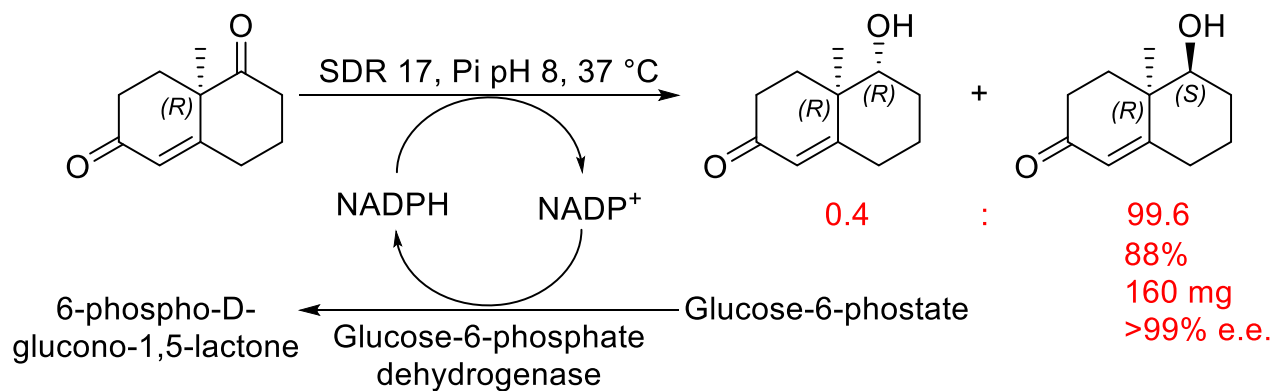
- Tongue metagenome *in silico* search: 38 short chain dehydrogenases (SDRs) selected
- 37 successfully cloned and expressed
- 6 SDRs showed good activity against a range of substrates



- SDR-17 had the best stereoselectivity towards the Wieland-Miescher ketone

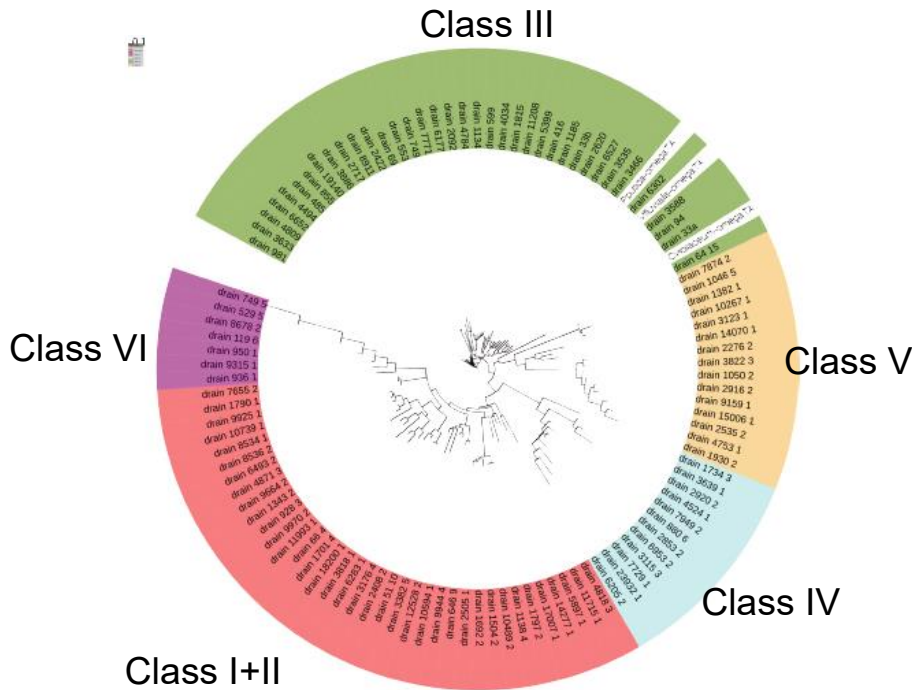


- Preparative scale 50 mL volume



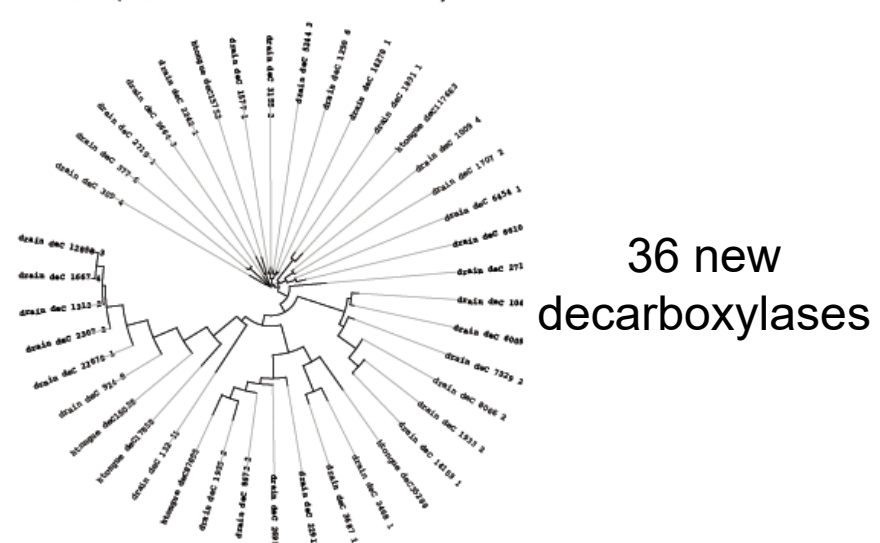
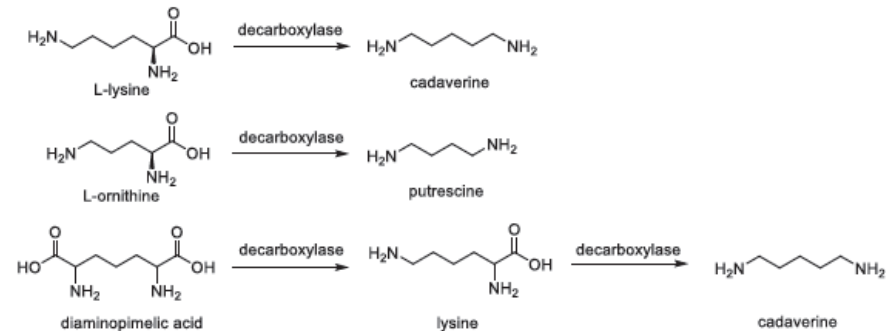
- Blocked domestic drain – source of microbial mass and a lot of biomass.
- Hair/biomass removed and metagenomic DNA extracted
- DNA sequenced using Illumina MiSeq and contigs built *in silico* - 219,776 contigs containing 307,101 genes

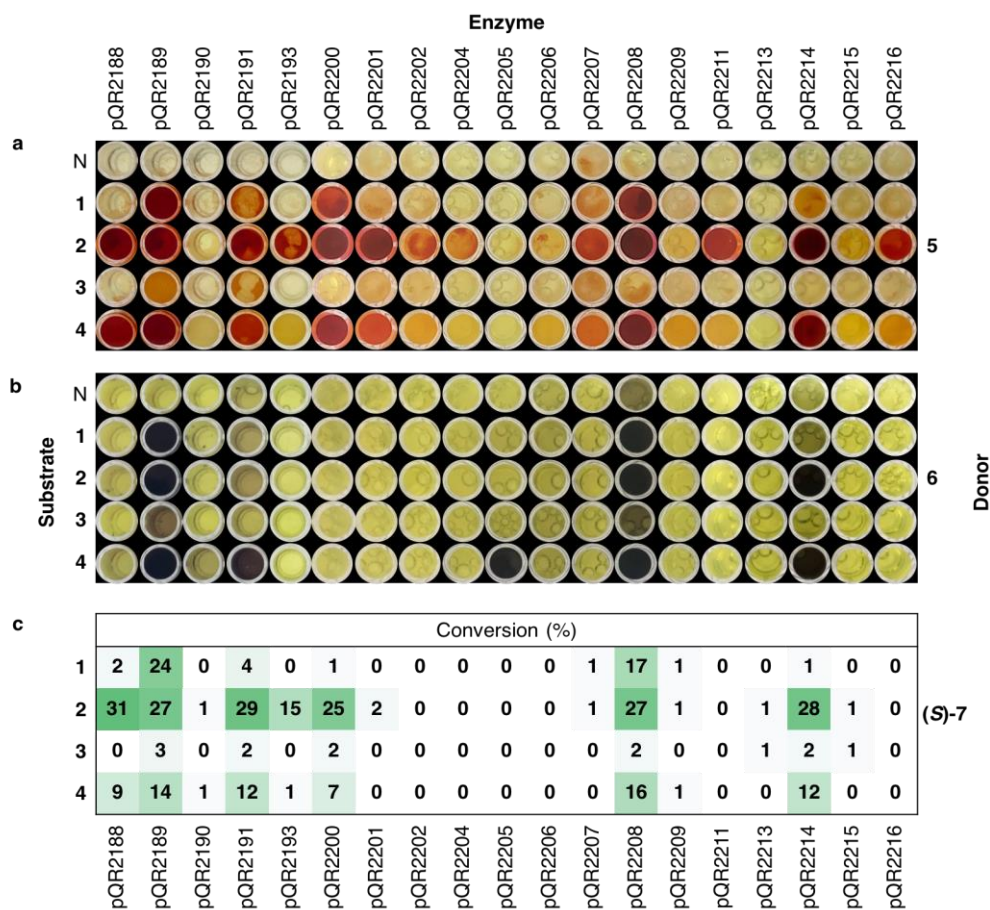
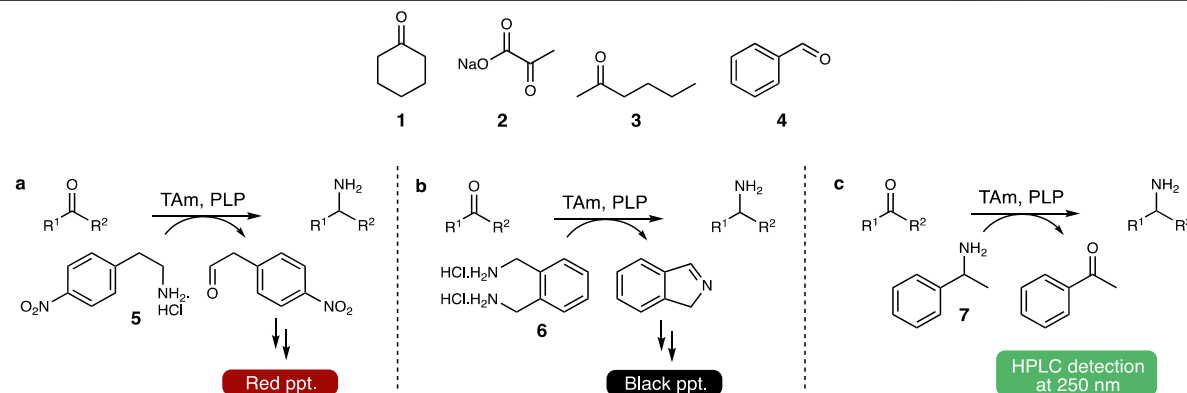
Transaminases



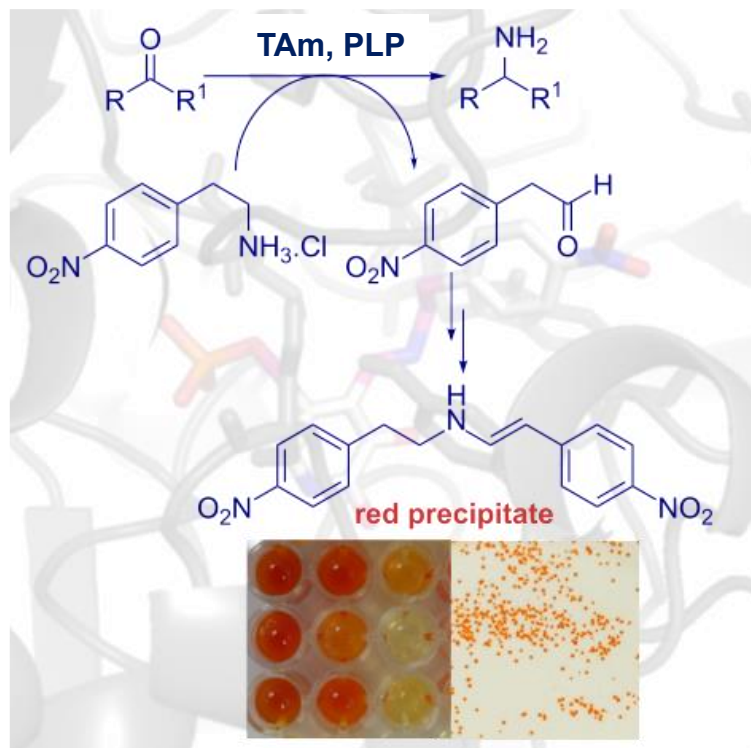
115 new transaminases

Decarboxylases

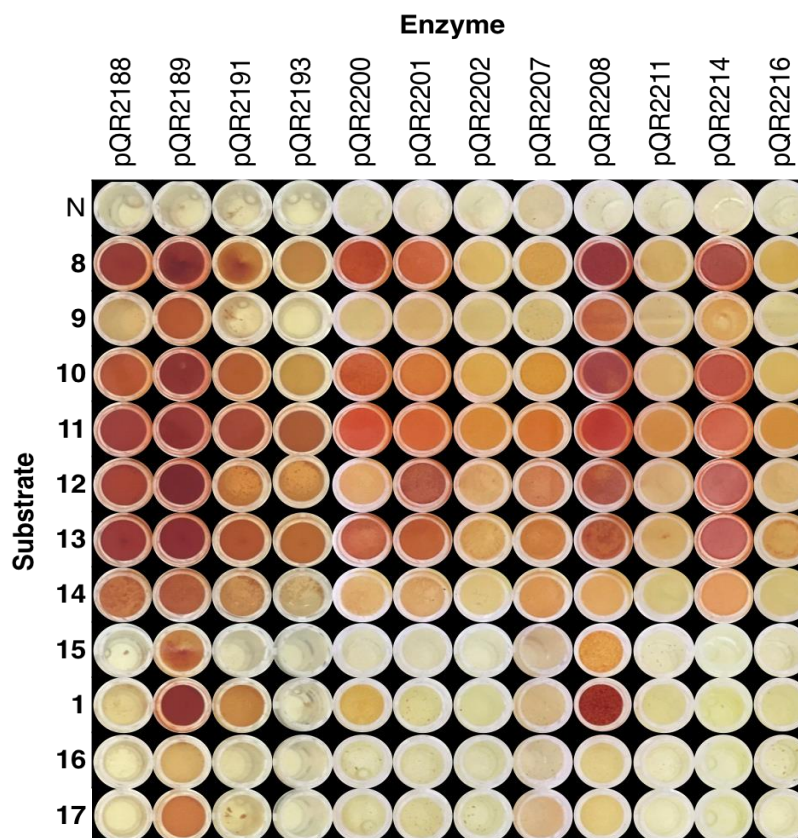
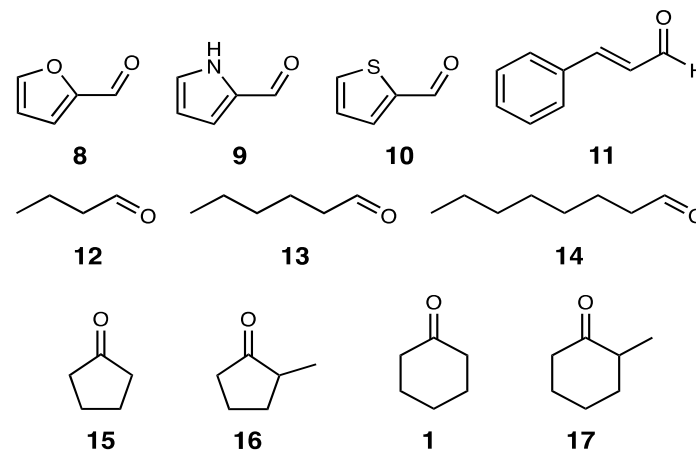


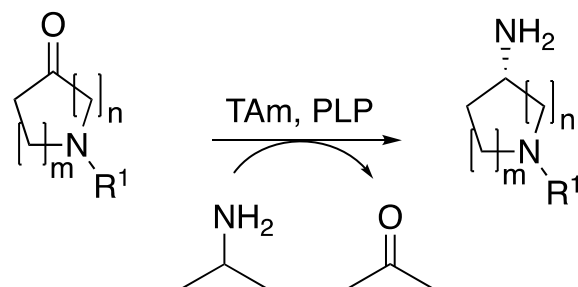


- 36 Class III TAMs identified
- 29 successfully expressed in *E. coli*
- 19 displayed activities against substrates



- **12** of the most versatile TAMs were explored in more detail against a range of substrates
- **3** selected for further studies





pQR2189	72%	20%	60%	2%
pQR2191	25%	4%	19%	1%
pQR2208	67%	10%	55%	1%

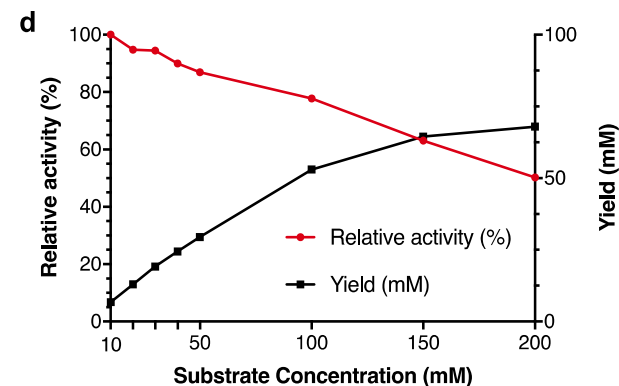
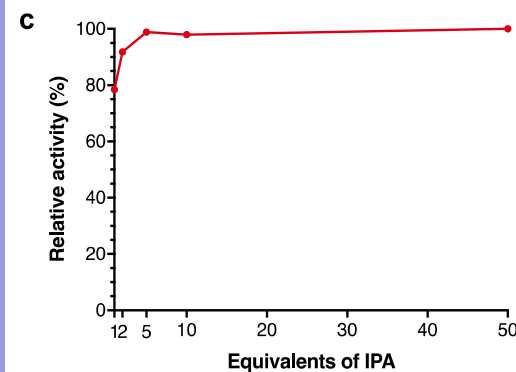
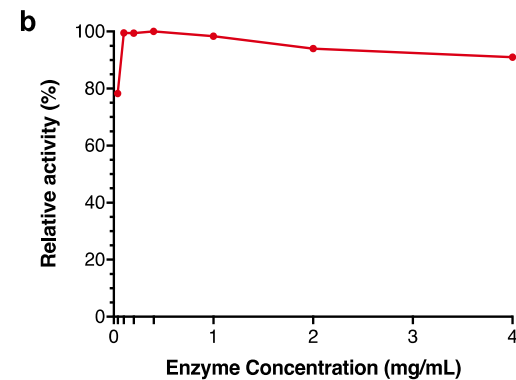
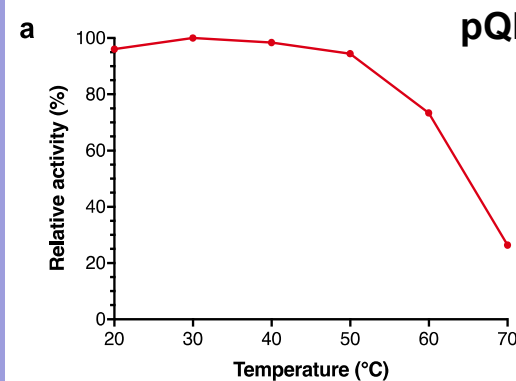
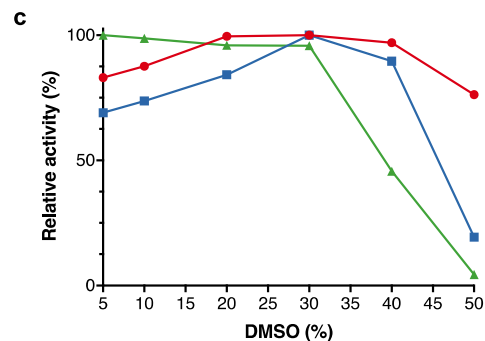
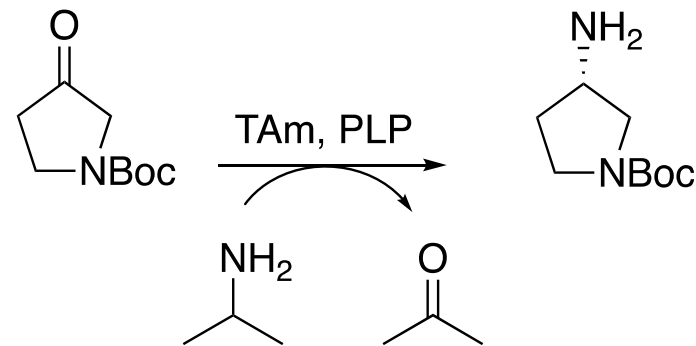
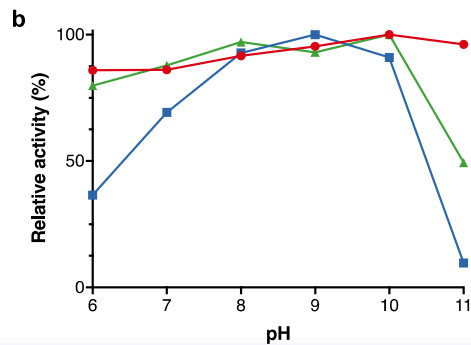
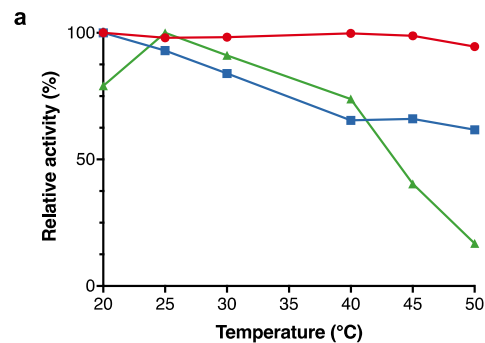
pQR2189	100%	75%	100%
pQR2191	100%	46%	100%
pQR2208	51%	30%	70%

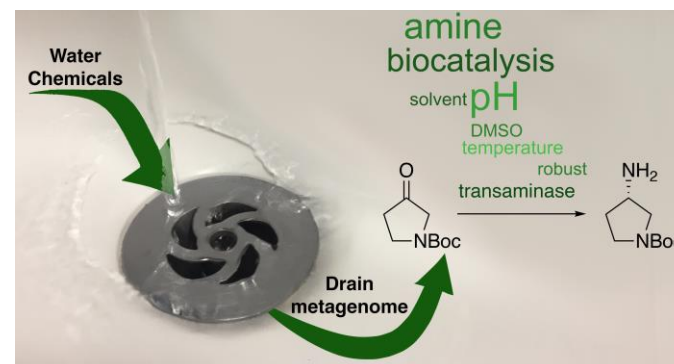
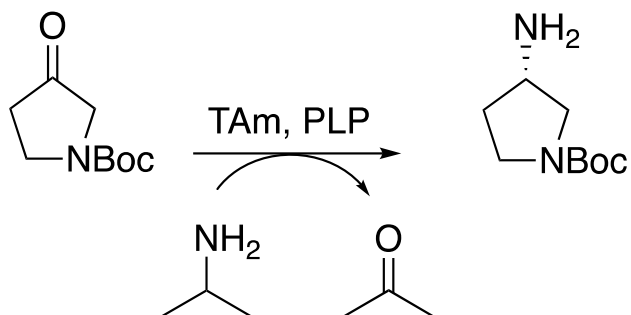
pQR2189	75%
pQR2191	13%
pQR2208	32%

- 3 most productive TAmS explored with further substrates using IPA as the amine donor

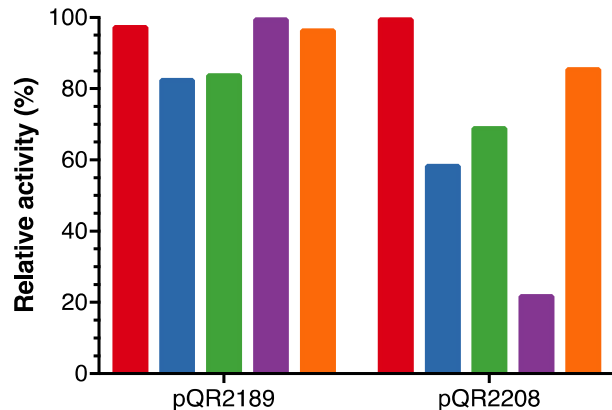
Robust TAmS from a drain metagenome

● pQR2189 ■ pQR2191 ▲ pQR2208

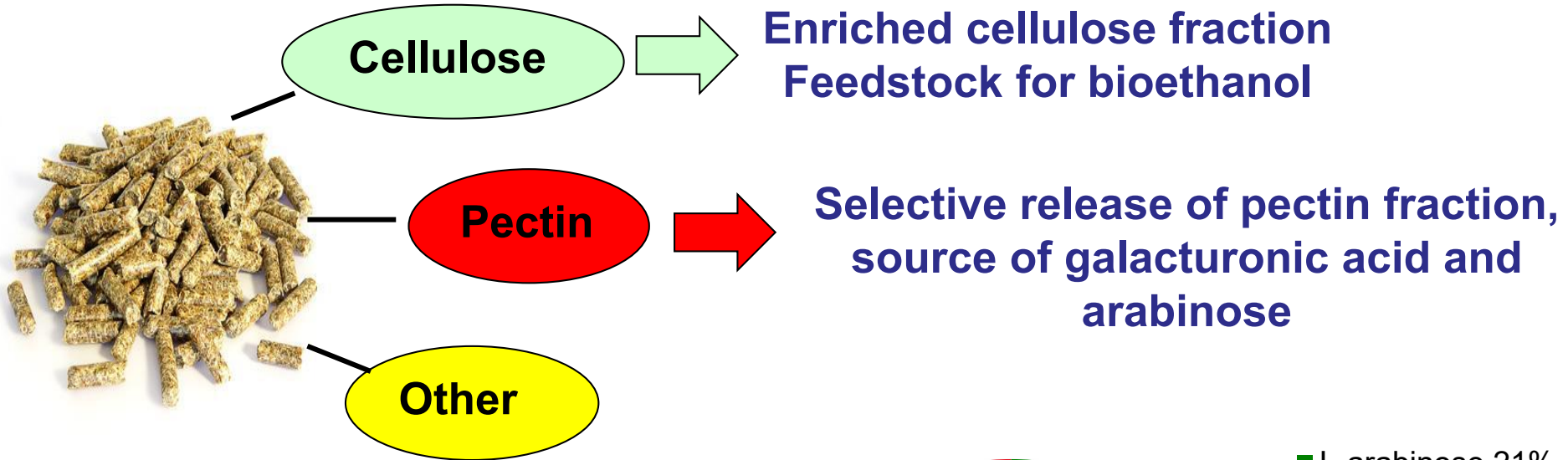




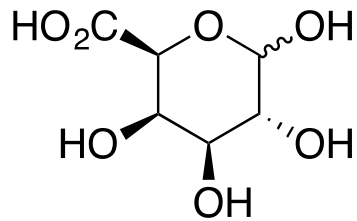
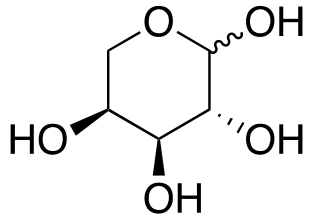
■ DMSO
 ■ CPME
 ■ TBME
 ■ Acetonitrile
 ■ Methanol



- Highlights the value of using metagenomics for biocatalyst discovery from niche environments
- **One of the most robust native transaminases described to date**
- Enzyme-preparative scale reactions performed (50 mL scale). Yields up to 100% (82% isolated yield, >99% ee)

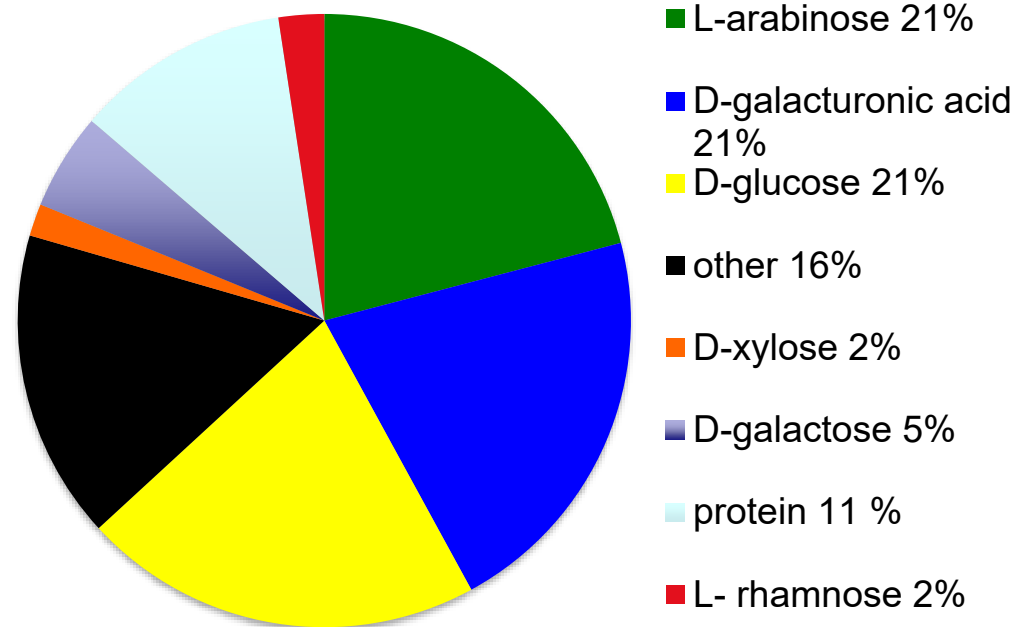
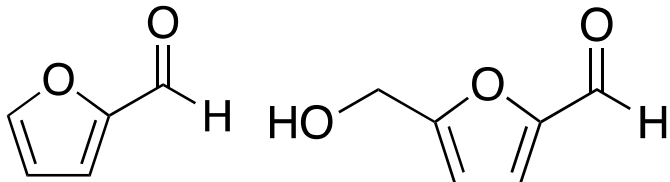


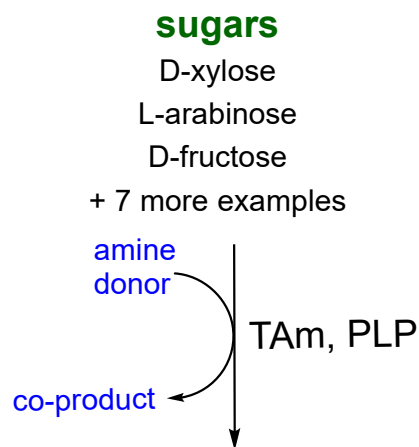
L-Arabinose



D-Galacturonic Acid

Furfurals

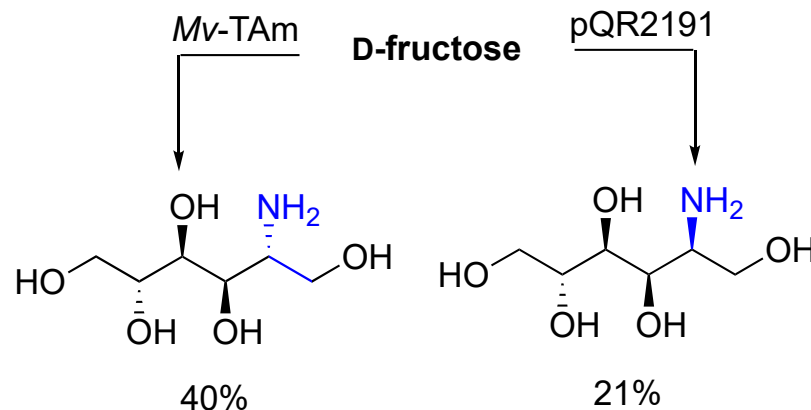
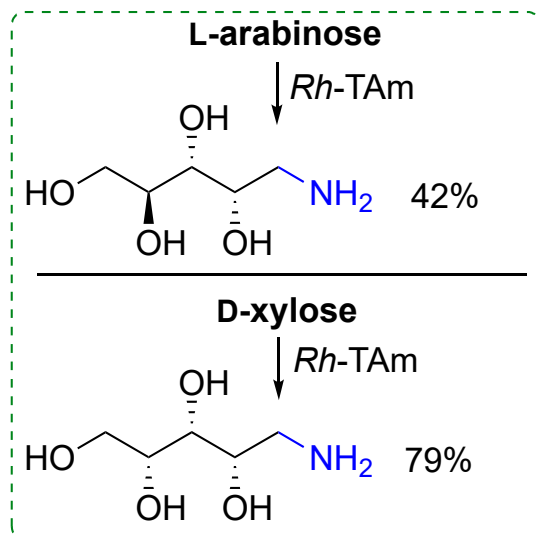


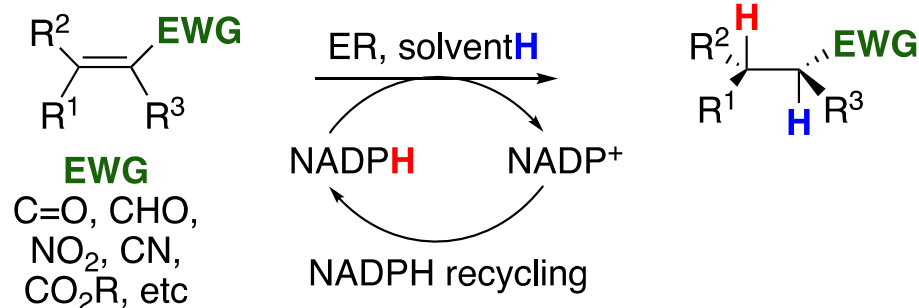


	Cv-TAm		Rh-TAm ^[a]		Mv-TAm		pQR2189 ^[b]		pQR2191 ^[b]		pQR2208 ^[b]	
	5	(S)-MBA	5	(S)-MBA	5	(R)-MBA	5	(S)-MBA	5	(S)-MBA	5	(S)-MBA
D-GalAc		7%		n.a.		n.a.		8%		29%		2%
L-arabinose		7%		16%		n.a.		6%		12%		1%
D-ribose		15%		14%		n.a.		12%		54%		3%
D-xylose		7%		28%		n.a.		4%		9%		n.d.
L-rhamnose		6%		6%		n.a.		n.d.		19%		n.d.
D-ribulose		9%		10%		45%		n.d.		12%		4%
D-fructose		1%		n.a.		40%		1%		31%		n.a.
L-sorbose		n.d.		n.a.		16%		1%		29%		n.a.
D-tagatose		n.d.		n.a.		22%		n.d.		24%		n.a.
L-glucohept		n.d.		n.a.		n.d.		n.d.		23%		n.a.
(+)		44%		75%		95%		74%		82%		62%
(-)		-		-		-		-		-		-

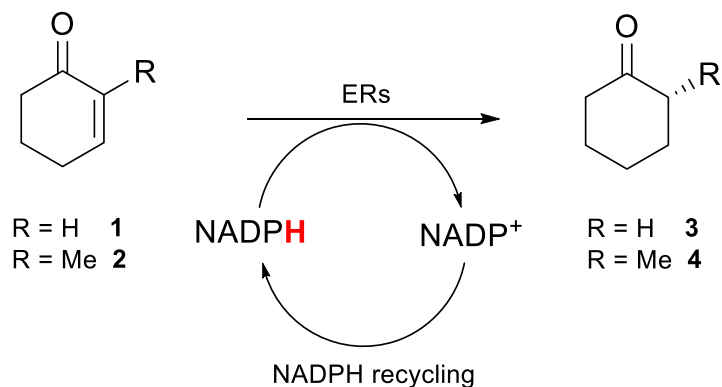
acyclic aminopolyols, e.g.

^[a]Reaction at 30 °C rather than 45 °C; ^[b]Reaction in the presence of 25% of DMSO



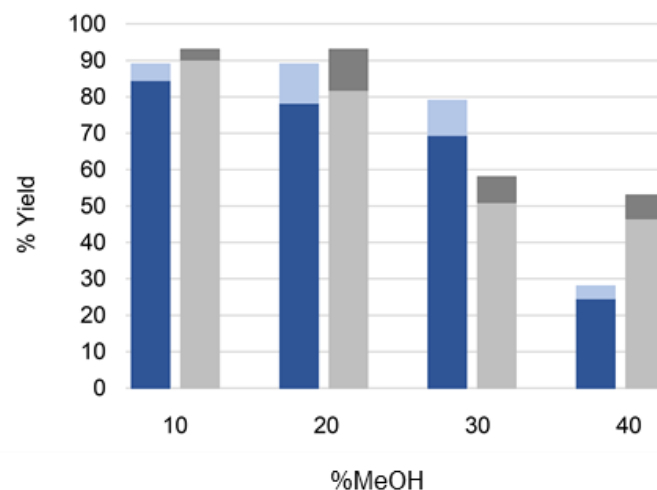
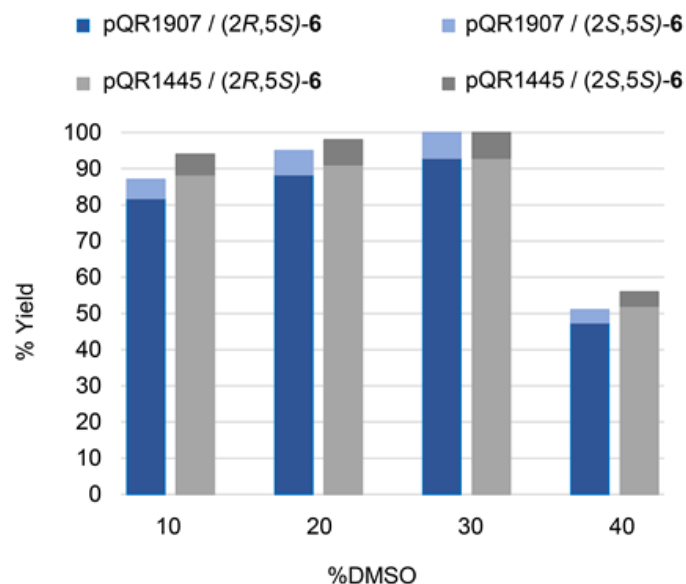
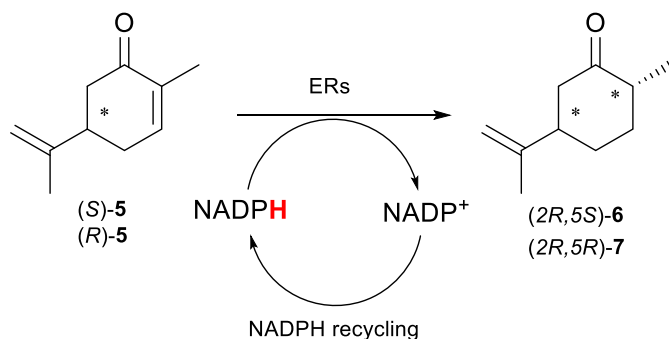


- **10 putative ERs** identified from the drain metagenome
- 9 were successfully amplified from the drain metagenomic DNA
- 7 were classical ERs and 2-thermophilic-like and they were expressed in *E. coli*

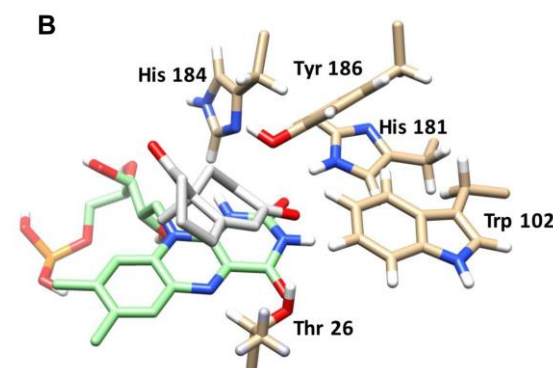
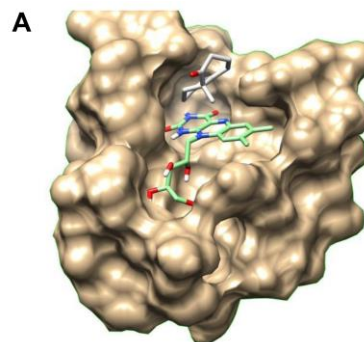


ERs	3	4	
	Yield [%]	Yield [%]	ee [%]
pQR1907	83	> 99	90 (R)
pQR1908	76	90	99 (R)
pQR1909	80	> 99	92 (R)
pQR1439	0	0	-
pQR1440	70	87	92 (R)
pQR1442	72	86	90 (R)
pQR1443	29	39	83 (R)
pQR1445	84	> 99	99 (R)
pQR1446	82	98	83 (R)
NCR	65	69	99 (R)

- Co-solvent tolerance was investigated with dehydrocarvones
- Enzymes co-expressed with co-factor recycling enzymes G6PDH



- ERs used with sterically challenging substrates and on a preparative scale



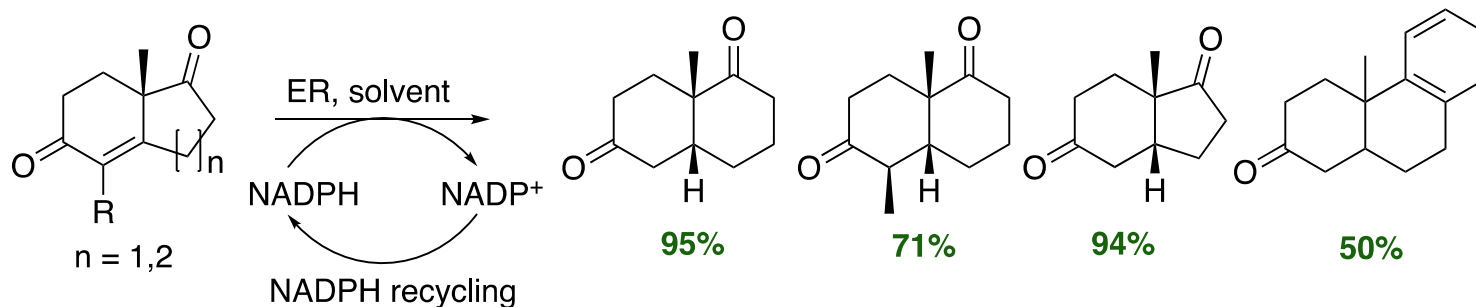
ERs from the drain metagenome



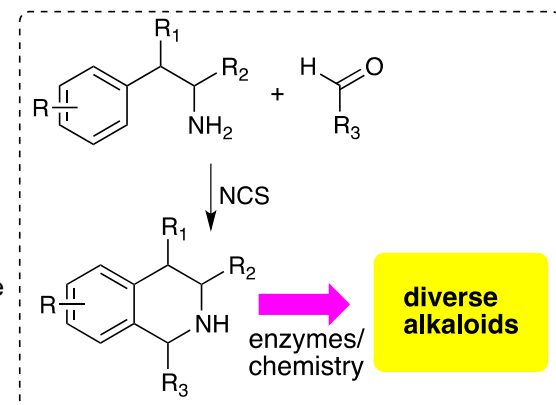
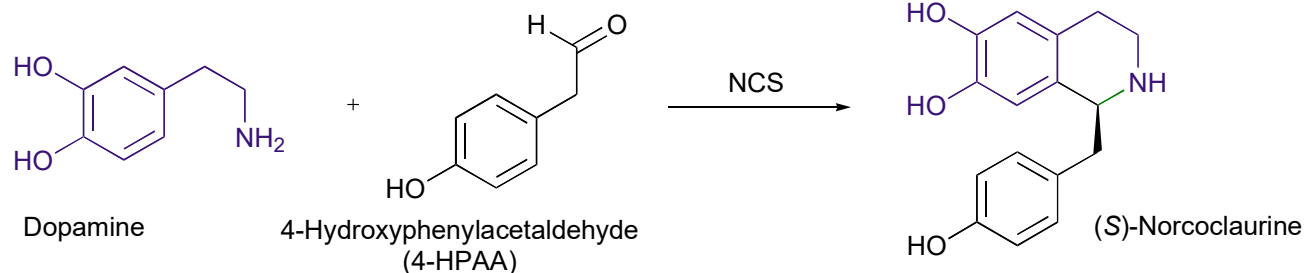
pQR1445/pQR1907
Selective reduction of sterically challenging bicyclic ketones



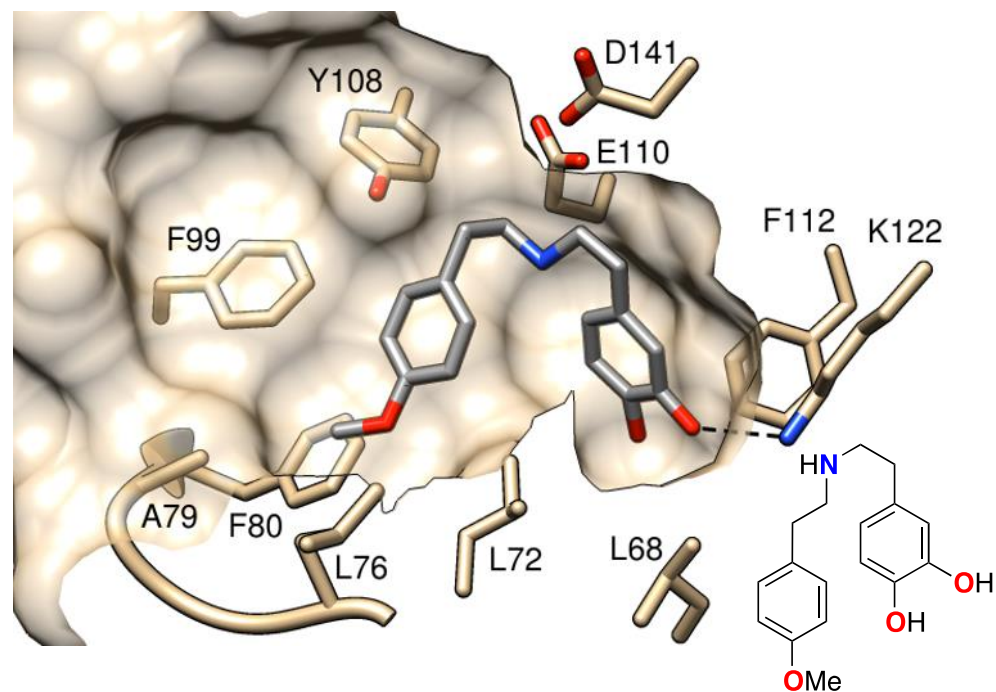
Excellent organic solvent tolerance:
E.g. 30% DMSO, MeOH



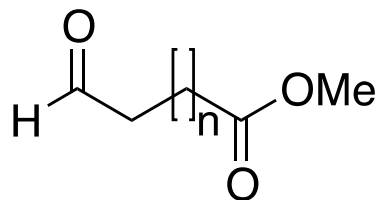
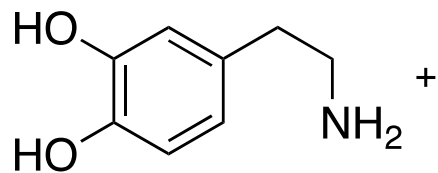
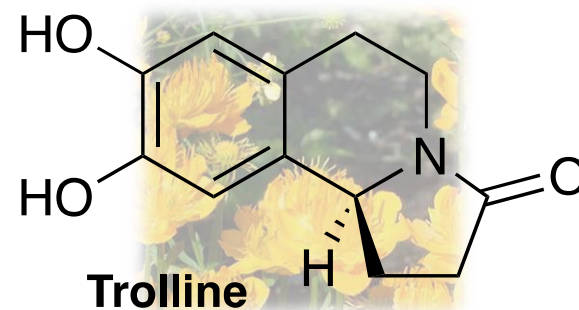
Norcoclaurine Synthase (NCS)



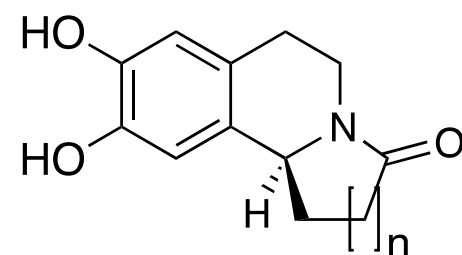
- **Several NCSs** known (e.g. *Tf*NCS, *Cj*NCS2 and *Ps*NCS)
- Small enzyme (22 kDa for monomer)
- Crystal structures solved for *Tf*NCS ($\Delta 33\text{C}196$ *Tf*NCS)
- ‘dopamine first’ mechanism



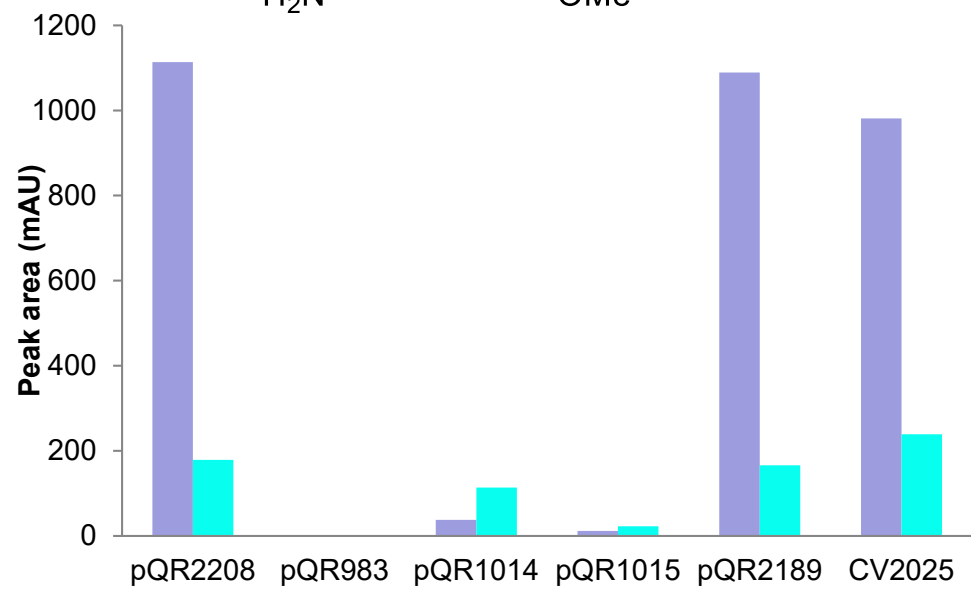
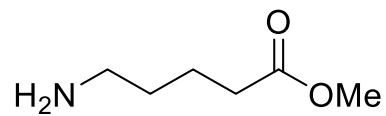
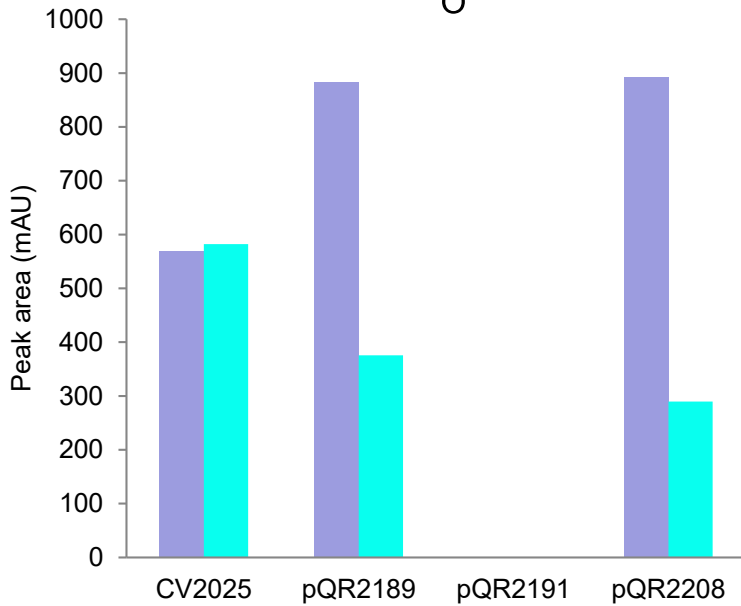
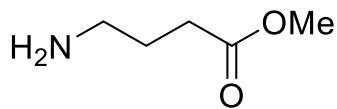
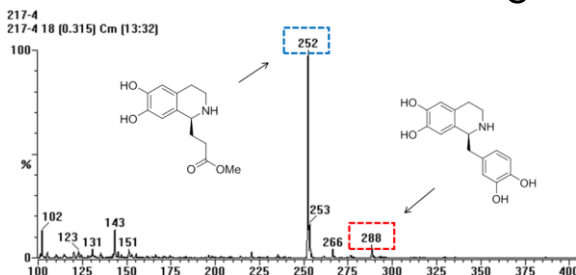
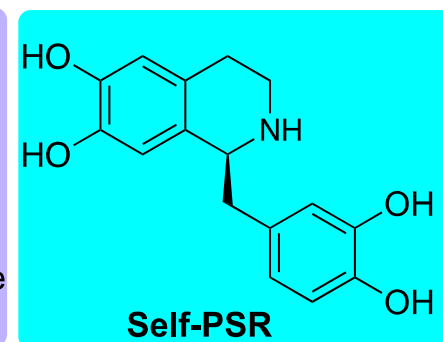
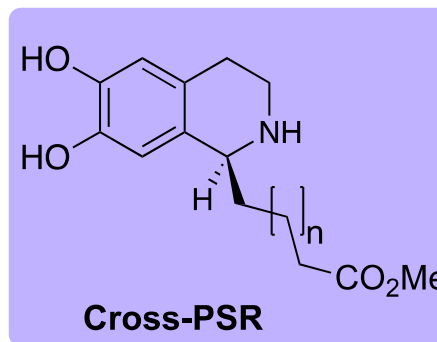
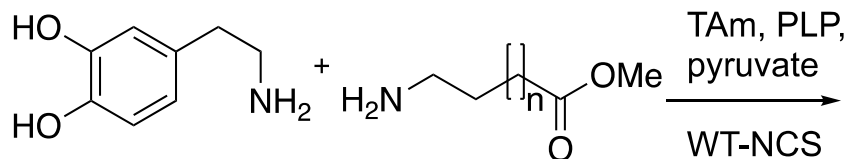
- Extracted from flowers of *Trollus chinensis*: Anti-viral activity influenza virus A and B
- Anti-bacterial against respiratory bacteria e.g. *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae*



1. NCS variant, HEPES buffer, pH 7.5, 6 h
2. Base, 50 °C



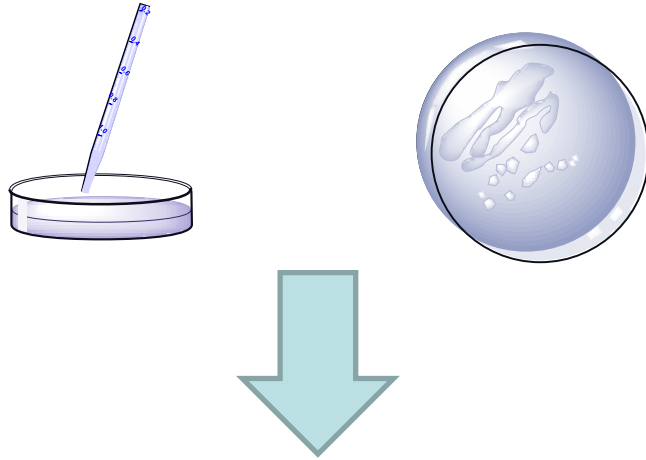
75-96% yield >95% ee



■ cross-PSR ■ self-PSR

■ cross-PSR ■ self-PSR

- Why do crocodile bites become infected? – oral bacteria!



16s Sequencing for Genus information



- Visited a crocodile sanctuary to collect microbiome samples from the mouths of several crocodiles.
- Genome mining for novel enzymes
- Continuing to sequence metagenomes from a range of environments

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